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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/761,539	01/16/2001	William J. Dally	2789.2010-000	5876
24319	7590 11/29/2005		EXAM	INER
LSI LOGIC CORPORATION 1621 BARBER LANE			CHANG, R	RICHARD
MS: D-106	JAN EMILE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MILPITAS,	CA 95035		2663	

DATE MAILED: 11/29/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/761,539	DALLY, WILLIAM J.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Richard Chang	2663				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thir d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONute, cause the application to become AE	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15	September 2005.					
,	<u> </u>					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the application	on.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>14-16, 18-19 and 21-26</u> is/are allow	red.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1, 3-6, 8-13 and 27</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) <u>7</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 26 March 2001 is/are	: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ ob	jected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to th	e drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.					
Copies of the certified copies of the pr	iority documents have been	received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bure	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not	received.				
Attachment(s)						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of I 6) Other:	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 2663

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's arguments and amendment filed on 09/15/2005, with respect to claims 1-27 have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claims 2, 17 and 20 had been canceled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claim 18 recites the limitation "... claimed in claim 17, ..." in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in claim 17 which had been cancelled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1, 3-6, 8-13 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US patent No. 6,778,529 ("Field et al.") in view of US patent No. 6,674,752 ("Colizzi et al.") and US patent No. 5,303,077 ("Buttle et al.").

Art Unit: 2663

Regarding claims 1 and 27, Field et al. teach a and method for a telecommunications synchronous switch node (time-slot interchanger) for interchanging the order of subframes of data (within an input data frame wherein each 125 microsecond frame period is divided into 256 subframes) comprising of

a global frame clock (a systems clock which is used to derive the 125 microsecond frame pulse for synchronization) (See Fig. 32, Col. 32, lines 12 - 26),

an interchange random access memory (switch memory 656) receiving the input data frame at an input (where the traffic may be directly received at the switch interface 650), out of alignment with the global frame clock (where the switch interface 650 provides the ingress TDM traffic storage independent of the global frame clock) (See Fig. 33, Col. 32, lines 27 - 62).

Field et al. teach substantially all the claimed invention but did not disclose expressly the particular application involving limitations of

"a write address generator which addresses the random access memory to write subframes, out of alignment with the global frame clock, in a received order"; and

"a read address generator which addresses the random access memory to read subframes in interchanged order and aligned to the global frame clock"

Colizzi et al. teach a method and apparatus of switch matrix using independent read and write memory access for time slot interchange such that the memory is nonontiguously addressed and space mapped by the predecoder by storing subframes to the random access memory is controlled by the write address control memory (WCM) out of alignment with the global frame clock, in a received order and reading subframes from

the random access memory is controlled by the read address control memory (RCM) in interchanged order and aligned to the global frame clock (See Fig. 4, Col. 5, lines 38-54).

A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ Colizzi et al. in Field et al. in order to obtain telecommunications synchronous time slot interchanging switch and to take advantage of providing a write address control memory (WCM) to store subframes to the random access memory, out of alignment with the global frame clock, in a received order and a read address Control Memory (RCM) to read subframes from the random access memory in interchanged order and aligned to the global frame clock in claims 1, 14 and 27.

The suggestion/motivation to do so would have been to use independent read and write memory access for time slot interchange where storing subframes to the random access memory is controlled by the write address control memory out of alignment with the global frame clock, in a received order and reading subframes from the random access memory is controlled by the read address control memory in interchanged order and aligned to the global frame clock, as suggested by Colizzi et al. in Col. 5, lines 38-54. At the time the invention was made, therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains to combine Colizzi et al. with Field et al. to obtain the inventions specified in claims 1, 14 and 27.

Regarding claims 3-4, these claim have limitation that is similar to those of claim 1, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 1 above.

<u>Regarding claims 5-6</u>, these claim have limitation that is similar to those of claim 4, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 4 above.

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Regarding claims 8-9, these claim have limitation that is similar to those of claim 1, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 1 above.

Regarding claim 10, this claim has limitation that is similar to those of claim 9, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 9 above.

<u>Regarding claim 13</u>, as discussed above, Colizzi et al. and Field et al. teach substantially all the claimed invention but did not disclose expressly the particular application involving limitations of

"at least one switch of at least one stage comprising a time-slot interchanger".

Buttle et al. teach an Optical switch and switching module, thus supports SONET STS-M frames, therefor wherein block 17 in dashed lines enclosing the time slot interchangers and the space switch 13 to indicate such a functional unit (at least one switch of at least one stage comprising a time-slot interchanger) (See Fig. 1, Col. 5, lines 30-52).

A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ Buttle et al. in Colizzi et al. and Field et al. in order to obtain a time slot interchanger and to take advantage of the time slot interchangers and the space switch capable of the subframe interchange in claim 13.

The suggestion/motivation to do so would have been to accommodate a multistage digital cross connect switch and to take advantage of the time slot interchangers and the space switch capable of the subframe interchange, as suggested by Buttle et al in Col. 5, lines 30- 52. At the time the invention was made, therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains to combine Buttle et al. with Colizzi et al. and Field et al. to obtain the inventions specified in claim 13.

<u>Regarding claims 11-12</u>, these claim have limitation that is similar to those of claim 13, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 13 above.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 14-16, 18-19 and 21-26 are allowed.

Claim 7 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims and if no art rejection can be applied.

Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance

7. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

The prior art along or in combination fails to teach or make obvious the following limitations:

"the interchanger random access memory comprises three buffers and the local frame counter includes a modulo 3 counter field which selects one of the three buffers" as recited in the <u>independent claim 14 and dependent claim 7.</u>

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Richard Chang whose telephone number is (571) 272-3129. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 8 AM to 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ricky Ngo can be reached on (571) 272-3139. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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rkc

Richard Chang Patent Examiner Art Unit 2663